



ProSolve® Anti Corrosive Primer

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH), No 830/2015 and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Date Revised: 22/02/2023 Version: 2.2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: ProSolve Anti Corrosive Primer (5L)

OXP5 – Grey

OXP5 - Red

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application: Metal Industry, Ships and Shipyards.

Identified uses: Industrial applications, Used by spraying, roller brush limited areas.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name: ProSolve

Company Address: Sandall Stones Road, Kirk Sandall Industrial Estate,
Doncaster, South Yorkshire, DN3 1QR

Tel: +44 (0) 1302 310 113

E-mail: enquiries@prosolveproducts.com

Web: www.prosolveproducts.com

EU Details:

Address: PO Box: 107, 3150 AC, HOEK VAN HOLLAND

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Health Service (NHS)

NHS England or Scotland: 111

NHS Wales: 0300 0604400

Northern Ireland: Call your local GP

For life-threatening emergencies, call 999 for an ambulance.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flammable Liquids: Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Long-Term Aquatic Hazard: Category 2

Classification: R10
Xn; R20/21
Xi; R38
N; R51/53

See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

General: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention: Avoid breathing vapours, spray or mists. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage: Keep cool.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: xylene

Supplemental label elements: Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child - resistant fastenings: Not applicable

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC)No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 >=20 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<50	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 >=1 EC: 202-849-4	<7	F; R11 Xn; R20, R48/20, R65	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (ears) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 >=0.25 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: *64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	<10	Xn; R20, R65 Xi; R36/37/38 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 >=0.00 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	<2.5	N; R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]

2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 >=0.1 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	<1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43 See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General:

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).

Eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering & redness.

Inhalation: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
Redness.

Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.
Not to be used : waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture:

Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the

appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of

ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Xylene	<p>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Ethylbenzene	<p>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	<p>EU OEL (Europe).</p> <p>TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form:</p>

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels: No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations: No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls **Appropriate engineering controls**

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.



Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection:	<p>Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.</p> <p>Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:</p> <p>Recommended: Silver Shield / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®</p> <p>Not recommended: nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)</p>
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product. Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.
Respiratory protection:	If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering

modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Odour:	Solvent-like
pH:	
Melting point/freezing point	
Boiling point/boiling range	
Flash point:	
Evaporation rate:	
Flammability:	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits :	0.8 - 7.6 vol %
Vapour pressure:	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the
Vapour density:	product. Testing not relevant or not possible due to
Relative density:	nature of the product. 1.335 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies):	Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold
Partition coefficient (LogKow)	water and hot water. Testing not relevant or not
Auto-ignition temperature:	possible due to nature of the product Lowest known
Decomposition temperature:	value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (solvent naphtha
Viscosity:	(petroleum), light arom.). Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Explosive properties: Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Oxidising properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight Weighted average: 50 %

Water % by weight: 0 %

VOC content: Weighted average: 416 g/l

TOC Content: Weighted average: 0.108 m³/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6350 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE Value
Dermal	4578.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	20809.7 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	109.1 mg/l

Irritation / Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
Xylene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
Ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams
	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
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Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	ears
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Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

Sensitisation:

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other information:

No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethylbenzene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Chronic NOEC <1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 19 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 6.14 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 90 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Xylene	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Ethylbenzene	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
xylene ethylbenzene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	Readily	
	-	-	Readily	
	-	-	Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	High
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
2-butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient: No known data available in our database.

(KOC):

Mobility: No known data available in our database.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.






European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11*

Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper Shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional Information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	Paint	3 -  	III	Yes	This environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Special Provisions</u> 640 (E) <u>Special Provisions</u> 640 (E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. (solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)	3 -  	III	Yes	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> (EmS) F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3 - 	III	No.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG* : Packing group

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation - Substances of very high concern

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Seveso category: This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b

E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

C6: Flammable (R10)

C9ii: Toxic for the environment

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

Full text of abbreviated R phrases: R11- Highly flammable.
R10- Flammable.
R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R20- Harmful by inhalation.
R21- Harmful in contact with skin.
R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R38- Irritating to skin.
R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]:
F - Highly flammable
Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3 Xn - Harmful
Xi - Irritant
N - Dangerous for the environment

Full text of abbreviated H statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H312 (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 (inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
H335 (Respiratory)	May cause respiratory irritation. (Respiratory tract irritation) tract irritation)
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 (ears)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (ears) H400
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]:

Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
 Aquatic Acute 1, ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
 H400
 Aquatic Chronic 1, LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
 H410
 Aquatic Chronic 2, LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
 H411
 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
 Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION -
 Category 1
 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION -
 Category 2
 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin
 Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
 (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (ears) -
 (ears) Category 2
 STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
 EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
 (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 irritation)

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008
 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flammable Liquids – Category 3	On basis of test data
Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2	Calculation method
Long-term aquatic Hazard – Category 2	Calculation method

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical performance or suitability for particular applications. It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations and safe working practice and ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use and application conditions.

Legal disclaimer:

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. Please note that due to the on-going change in regulation from CHIP to CLP, any MSDS information in this MSDS is only considered accurate at the time of its creation. During this time classifications of substances may change. Therefore it is possible that can art work and MSDS information may differ. As such if you have any concerns we recommend you request a new MSDS from us every 6-12 months.